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# UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT DISTRICT OF NEW JERSEY CAMDEN VICINAGE

Dennis Maurer, Individually,	:

Plaintiff,

VS.

Arby's Restaurant Group, Inc., a Delaware Corporation,

Defendant.

Case No.

### **COMPLAINT**

Plaintiff, DENNIS MAURER, an individual on his behalf and on behalf of all other mobility impaired individuals similarly situated hereby sues the Defendant, ARBY'S RESTAURANT GROUP, INC., a Delaware Corporation (hereinafter sometimes referred to as "Defendant"), for injunctive relief, damages, attorney's fees, litigation expenses, and costs pursuant to the Americans with Disabilities Act, 42 U.S.C. §12181 et seq. ("ADA") and the New Jersey Law Against Discrimination, N.J.S.A. 10:5-12.

# COUNT I VIOLATION OF TITLE III OF THE AMERICANS WITH DISABILITIES ACT, 42 U.S.C. § 12181, et seq.

- 1. Plaintiff, DENNIS MAURER, is an individual residing at 8 Prospect Avenue, Egg Harbor Township, New Jersey 08234, in the County of Atlantic.
- 2. Defendant, ARBY'S RESTAURANT GROUP, INC., holds title to the subject property alleged by the Plaintiff to be operating in violation of Title III of the ADA.
- 3. Defendant's property, also known as Arby's Restaurant, Store #06839 (hereinafter sometimes referred to as "Arby's"), is located at 3850 S. Delsea Drive, Vineland, New Jersey 08360, in the County of Cumberland.
- 4. Venue is properly located in the District of New Jersey because venue lies in the judicial district of the property situs. The Defendant's property is located in and does business within this judicial district.
- 5. Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1331 and 28 U.S.C. §1343, this Court has been given original jurisdiction over actions which arise from the Defendant's violations of Title III of the Americans with Disabilities Act, 42 U.S.C. § 12181 et seq. See also 28 U.S.C. § 2201 and § 2202.
- 6. Plaintiff, DENNIS MAURER, is a New Jersey resident, is sui juris, and qualifies as an individual with disabilities as defined by the ADA. Plaintiff has multiple sclerosis, is mobility impaired and requires the use of a wheelchair to ambulate.
- 7. Plaintiff has visited the property that forms the basis of this lawsuit on numerous occasions and plans to return to the subject property in the near future to avail himself of the goods and services offered to the public at the property.
- 8. Plaintiff has encountered architectural barriers at the subject property. The barriers to access at the property have endangered his safety.

- 9. Defendant owns, leases, leases to, or operates a place of public accommodation as defined by the ADA and the regulations implementing the ADA, 28 CFR 36.201(a) and 36.104. Defendant is responsible for complying with the obligations of the ADA. The place of public accommodation that the Defendant owns, operates, leases or leases to is known as Arby's Restaurant, Store #06839 and is located at 3850 S. Delsea Drive, Vineland, New Jersey 08360, in the County of Cumberland.
- 10. Plaintiff has a realistic, credible, existing and continuing threat of discrimination from the Defendant's non-compliance with the ADA with respect to this property as described, but not necessarily limited to the allegations in paragraph 13 of this complaint.
- 11. Plaintiff has reasonable grounds to believe that he will continue to be subjected to discrimination in violation of the ADA by the Defendant. Plaintiff desires to visit Arby's, not only to avail himself of the goods and services available at the property but to assure himself that this property is in compliance with the ADA so that he and others similarly situated will have full and equal enjoyment of the property without fear of discrimination.
- 12. The Defendant has discriminated against the individual Plaintiff and others similarly situated by denying access to, and full and equal enjoyment of, the goods, services, facilities, privileges, advantages and/or accommodations of the buildings, as prohibited by 42 U.S.C. § 12182 et seq.
- 13. The Defendant has discriminated, and is continuing to discriminate, against the Plaintiff in violation of the ADA by failing to, <u>inter alia</u>, have accessible facilities by January 26, 1992 (or January 26, 1993, if Defendant has 10 or fewer employees and gross receipts of \$500,000 or less). A preliminary inspection of the Defendant's property, Arby's Restaurant, Store #06839, has shown that violations of the ADA exist. The following are violations that DENNIS MAURER has

personally encountered or observed during his visits to the subject property:

## **Parking and Exterior Accessible Route**

- a. Parking spaces provided by Arby's are not maintained, lack adequate access aisles and are located on a slope greater than 2.0%, violating Sections 502 and 502.4 of the 2010 Accessibility Standards. While unloading from his van, on numerous visits, Mr. Maurer was impeded by elements within the accessible space at Arby's. The present lack of adequate access aisles prevents Mr. Maurer the opportunity to unload from his van in a free and safe manner.
- b. Accessible parking provided by Arby's leads to an improper curb ramp that contains excessive slopes and impedes the access aisle, violating Sections 402 and 405 of the 2010 Accessibility Standards. The presence of cross slopes on curb ramps are a hazard to Mr. Maurer as they may cause his wheelchair to tip; presenting the danger of both injury to his person and damage to his wheelchair.
- c. Parking provided at Arby's fails to provide a safe, accessible route from the parking area to the entrance, violating Section 502 of the 2010 Accessibility Standards. Mr. Maurer is forced to travel through slopes and changes of level to reach the entrance.
- d. The exterior accessible route at Arby's was found to contain cross slopes, abrupt changes of level and curb ramps with excessive slopes violating Sections 403.4 and 402 of the 2010 Accessibility Standards; these conditions also present Mr. Maurer with the danger of tipping.
- e. Arby's fails to provide an accessible route to the adjacent street, sidewalk or bus stop, violating Section 206.2.1 of the 2010 Accessibility Standards. The lack of an accessible route to the sidewalk limits Mr. Maurer's transportation options in traveling to and from this destination.

#### **Access to Goods and Services**

- f. Arby's fails to provide an interior or exterior accessible dining table, violating Section 902 of the 2010 Accessibility Standards. A lack of accessible dining tables precludes Mr. Maurer from dining in a comfortable manner.
- g. While entering areas at Arby's, Mr. Maurer is impeded by a lack of maneuvering clearance at the door, violating section 404 of the 2010 Accessibility Standards. Mr. Maurer cannot enter Arby's freely and safely without assistance.

4

#### Restrooms

- h. Arby's provides restroom doors with improper door hardware and a lack of latch side clearance which impedes Mr. Maurer's maneuvering clearance while exiting, violating Section 404 of the 2010 Accessibility Standards.
- i. Arby's provides water closets that lack proper grab bars, dispensers which are mounted out of reach and improper centerlines, violating Section 604 of the 2010 Accessibility Standards. Mr. Maurer was impeded in the restroom due to the lack of accessible elements.
- 14. Each of the foregoing violations is also a violation of the 1991 American with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines (ADAAG) and the 2010 Standards for Accessible Design, as promulgated by the U.S. Department of Justice.
- 15. The discriminatory violations described in paragraph 13 are not an exhaustive list of the ADA violations that exist at Defendant's property. Plaintiff requires thorough inspection of the Defendant's place of public accommodation in order to photograph and measure the architectural barriers which exist at the subject property and violate the ADA. The individual Plaintiff, and all other individuals similarly situated, have been denied access to, and have been denied the benefits of services, programs and activities of the Defendant's buildings and its facilities, and have otherwise been discriminated against and damaged by the Defendant because of the Defendant's ADA violations, as set forth above. The individual Plaintiff and all others similarly situated will continue to suffer such discrimination, injury and damage without the immediate relief provided by the ADA as requested herein. In order to remedy this discriminatory situation, the Plaintiff requires an inspection of the Defendant's place of public accommodation in order to determine all of the areas of non-compliance with the ADA.
- 16. Defendant has discriminated against the Plaintiff by denying access to full and equal enjoyment of the goods, services, facilities, privileges, advantages and/or accommodations of its

place of public accommodation or commercial facility in violation of 42 U.S.C. § 12181 et seq. and 28 CFR 36.302 et seq. Furthermore, the Defendant continues to discriminate against the Plaintiff and all those similarly situated by failing to make reasonable modifications in policies, practices or procedures, when such modifications are necessary to afford all offered goods, services, facilities, privileges, advantages or accommodations to individuals with disabilities; and by failing to take such efforts that may be necessary to ensure that no individual with a disability is excluded, denied services, segregated or otherwise treated differently than other individuals because of the absence of auxiliary aids and services.

- 17. Plaintiff is without adequate remedy at law and is suffering irreparable harm. Considering the balance of hardships between the Plaintiff and the Defendant, a remedy in equity is warranted. Furthermore, the public interest would not be disserved by a permanent injunction.
- 18. Plaintiff has retained the undersigned counsel and is entitled to recover attorney's fees, costs and litigation expenses from the Defendant pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 12205 and 28 CFR 36.505.
- 19. Defendant is required to remove the existing architectural barriers to the physically disabled when such removal is readily achievable for its place of public accommodation that have existed prior to January 26, 1992, 28 CFR 36.304(a); in the alternative, if there has been an alteration to Defendant's place of public accommodation since January 26, 1992, then the Defendant is required to ensure to the maximum extent feasible that the altered portions of the facility are readily accessible to and useable by individuals with disabilities, including individuals who use wheelchairs, 28 CFR 36.402; and finally, if the Defendant's facility is one which was designed and constructed for first occupancy subsequent to January 26, 1993, as defined in 28 CFR 36.401, then the Defendant's facility must be readily accessible to and useable by individuals with disabilities as

defined by the ADA.

- 20. Notice to Defendant is not required as a result of the Defendant's failure to cure the violations by January 26, 1992 (or January 26, 1993, if Defendant has 10 or fewer employees and gross receipts of \$500,000 or less). All other conditions precedent have been met by Plaintiff or waived by the Defendant.
- 21. Pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 12188, this Court is provided with authority to grant Plaintiff Injunctive Relief, including an order to require the Defendant to alter Arby's Restaurant, Store #06839 and make the subject property readily accessible and useable to the Plaintiff and all other persons with disabilities as defined by the ADA; or by closing the subject property until such time as the Defendant cures its violations of the ADA.

## WHEREFORE, Plaintiff, DENNIS MAURER, respectfully requests:

- a. The Court issue a Declaratory Judgment that determines that the Defendant at the commencement of the subject lawsuit is in violation of Title III of the Americans with Disabilities Act, 42 U.S.C. § 12181 et seq.
- b. Injunctive relief against the Defendant including an order to make all readily achievable alterations to the facility; or to make such facility readily accessible to and usable by individuals with disabilities to the extent required by the ADA; and to require the Defendant to make reasonable modifications in policies, practices or procedures, when such modifications are necessary to afford all offered goods, services, facilities, privileges, advantages or accommodations to individuals with disabilities; and by failing to take such steps that may be necessary to ensure that no individual with a disability is excluded, denied services, segregated or otherwise treated differently than other individuals because of the absence of auxiliary aids and services.

- c. An award of attorney's fees, costs and litigation expenses pursuant to 42 U.S.C.
   § 12205.
- d. Such other relief as the Court deems just and proper, and/or is allowable under Title III of the Americans with Disabilities Act.

## <u>COUNT II</u> <u>VIOLATION OF NEW JERSEY LAW AGAINST DISCRIMINATION</u> (N.J.S.A. 10:5-12)

- 22. Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates by reference all allegations set forth in this Complaint as fully set forth herein.
- 23. Defendant's facility is a place of public accommodation as defined by N.J.S.A 10:5-5, (New Jersey Law Against Discrimination).
- 24. New Jersey law provides that all persons shall have the opportunity to obtain all the accommodations, advantages, facilities, and privileges of any public place of accommodation without discrimination on the basis of disability. This opportunity is recognized and declared to be a civil right (N.J.S.A. 10:5-4.).
- 25. As set forth above, Defendant has violated the New Jersey Law Against Discrimination by denying disabled individuals the full and equal enjoyment of the goods, facilities, services and accommodations available at the subject property, Arby's Restaurant, Store #06839.
- 26. As a result of the aforementioned discrimination, Plaintiff DENNIS MAURER has sustained emotional distress, mental anguish, suffering and humiliation, and other injuries, in violation of the New Jersey Law Against Discrimination.

**WHEREFORE**, Plaintiff, DENNIS MAURER, respectfully demands judgment for damages, attorney's fees, litigation expenses, including expert fees and costs pursuant to the New Jersey Law Against Discrimination.

Respectfully	submitted,
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Dated: July 3, 2018

s/Jon G. Shadinger Jr.
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